

More Real Life Situations Modeled With Quadratic Equations

1. $h = -16t^2 + 16t + 480$

a) How long to reach max. height?

Find L.O.S.

$$LOS = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-16}{2(-16)} = \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \text{ second} \right\}$$

b) Highest point? Find vertex

$$\begin{aligned} h &= -16t^2 + 16t + 480 \\ &= -16(0.5)^2 + 16(0.5) + 480 \\ &= \left\{ 484 \text{ feet} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

c) When does he hit the water?

Find 2nd x-intercept

$$0 = -16t^2 + 16t + 480$$

$$-16 \quad -16 \quad -16 \quad -16$$

$$0 = t^2 - t - 30$$

$$0 = (t-6)(t+5)$$

$$t-6=0 \quad t+5=0$$

$\left\{ 6 \text{ seconds} \right\}$

2. $h = -16t^2 + 128t = -16t(t-8)$

a) How long to return to ground?

Find 2nd x-intercept

$$0 = -16t(t-8)$$

$$\begin{aligned} -16t &= 0 & t-8 &= 0 \\ t &= 0 & t &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

$\left\{ 8 \text{ seconds} \right\}$

b) When will it be at 112 ft?

Solve for t when $h=112$

$$112 = -16t^2 + 128t$$

$$-112 \quad -112$$

$$0 = \frac{-16t^2 + 128t - 112}{-16} = \frac{-16t^2 + 128t - 112}{-16}$$

$$0 = t^2 - 8t + 7$$

$$0 = (t-7)(t-1)$$

$$0 = t-7 \quad 0 = t-1$$

$\left\{ \text{At 1 and 7 seconds} \right\}$

c) When will it reach max. height?

Find LOS

$$LOS = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-128}{2(-16)} = 4$$

$\left\{ 4 \text{ seconds} \right\}$

d) What is max height?

Substitute in LOS

$$h = -16(4)^2 + 128(4)$$

$\left\{ 256 \text{ feet} \right\}$

3. $h = -16t^2 + 150t - 3$
 When will it hit the target?
 Find 2nd x-intercept

9.39 seconds

$$0 = -16t^2 + 150t - 3$$

$$t = \frac{-150 \pm \sqrt{(150)^2 - 4(-16)(-3)}}{-16(2)}$$

$$t = \frac{-150 \pm \sqrt{150^2 - 192}}{-32}$$

$$t = 9.39$$

4. $h = -16t^2 + 32t + 5$

a) Maximum height?
 Find vertex

$$\text{LOS} = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-32}{2(-16)} = 1$$

$$h = -16(1)^2 + 32(1) + 5 = 21 \text{ feet}$$

b) Can you throw high enough to reach ledge 20 ft above?
Yes, according to vertex

Can also use discriminant.

$$20 = -16t^2 + 32t + 5$$

$$-20 \qquad -20$$

$$0 = -16t^2 + 32t - 15$$

$$b^2 - 4ac = 32^2 - 4(32)(-15) = 2944$$

YES $\wedge > 0$

5. $h = -16t^2 + 12t = -4t(4t - 3)$

a) Max height of feet above ground?
 Find vertex

$$\text{LOS} = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-12}{2(-16)} = 0.375$$

$$h = -4(0.375)(4(0.375) - 3) = 2.25$$

2.25 feet
 NO, you can't dunk!

6. a. $h = -16t^2 + 8t + 24$
 $= -8(t+1)(2t-3)$

How long to hit the water? Find 2nd x-intercept

$$0 = -8(t+1)(2t-3)$$

$$t+1=0$$

$$t=-1$$

$$2t-3=0$$

$$t = \frac{3}{2}$$

1.5 seconds

7.

$$h = -16t^2 + 5t + 15$$

How long to hit the ground? Find 2nd x-int

$$x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{5^2 - 4(-16)(15)}}{2(-16)} = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{25 + 960}}{-32}$$

= 1.14 seconds

8.

$$h = -16t^2 + 39t$$

Can the ball reach 25 ft? Use the discriminant.

$$\begin{array}{r} 25 = -16t^2 + 39t \\ -25 \quad \quad -25 \\ \hline 0 = -16t^2 + 39t - 25 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b^2 - 4ac &= (39)^2 - 4(-16)(-25) \\ &= 1521 - 1600 \\ &= -79 \end{aligned}$$

The ball will not hit the ball.

9.

$$h = -16t^2 + 315t$$

How long will it be above 1000 ft? Find x-ints.

$$\begin{array}{r} 1000 = -16t^2 + 315t \\ -1000 \quad \quad -1000 \\ \hline 0 = -16t^2 + 315t - 1000 \end{array}$$

$$t = \frac{-315 \pm \sqrt{(315)^2 - 4(-16)(-1000)}}{2(-16)}$$

$$t = 3.98 \text{ and } 15.71$$

$$15.71 - 3.98 = 11.73$$

The rocket will be out of sight for 11.73 sec.

10.

a) starting height = 49 ft

b) $h = 0$ when the anchor hits the water

c) when will the anchor hit the water? Find 2nd x-int

$$\begin{array}{r} 0 = -16t^2 + 49 \\ -49 \quad \quad -49 \\ \hline -49 = -16t^2 \\ -16t^2 \quad -16t^2 \\ \hline \sqrt{3.0625} = \sqrt{t^2} \end{array}$$

1.75 sec

$$\begin{array}{r} d) -52 = -16t^2 + 49 \\ -49 \quad \quad -49 \\ \hline -101 = -16t^2 \\ -16t^2 \quad -16t^2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{6.3125} = \sqrt{t^2} \\ \pm 2.51 = t$$

2.51 sec

11.

$$h = -16t^2 + 35t$$

When will it reach 80 ft? Find x-ints when $h=80$

$$\begin{array}{r} 80 = -16t^2 + 35t \\ -80 \quad \quad -80 \\ \hline 0 = -16t^2 + 35t - 80 \end{array}$$

It will NEVER reach 80 ft.

$$t = \frac{-35 \pm \sqrt{35^2 - 4(-16)(-80)}}{2(-16)}$$

$$t = \frac{-35 \pm \sqrt{-3995}}{-32}$$

indicates NO solution

12.

a) $h = -16t^2 + 116t + 101$

b) $t = \frac{-116 \pm \sqrt{(116)^2 - 4(-16)(101)}}{2(-16)}$

$$t = -0.79 \text{ and } 8.04$$

8.04 seconds

13.

$$h = -4.9t^2 + 27t + 2.4$$

a) $h = -4.9(1)^2 + 27(1) + 2.4$
 $= 24.5$

24.5 feet

b) How long above 30 m? Find x-ints when $h=30$.

$$\begin{array}{r} 30 = -4.9t^2 + 27t + 2.4 \\ -30 \quad \quad -30 \\ \hline 0 = -4.9t^2 + 27t - 27.6 \end{array}$$

$$0 = -4.9t^2 + 27t - 27.6$$

$$t = \frac{-27 \pm \sqrt{27^2 - 4(-4.9)(-27.6)}}{2(-4.9)}$$

$$t = 1.36 \text{ and } 4.15$$

$$4.15 - 1.36 = 2.79$$

It will be above 30 feet for 2.79 sec.

c) Max height, find vertex.
 LOS: $-\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{-27}{2(-4.9)} = 2.76$

$$h = -4.9(2.76)^2 + 27(2.76) + 2.4$$

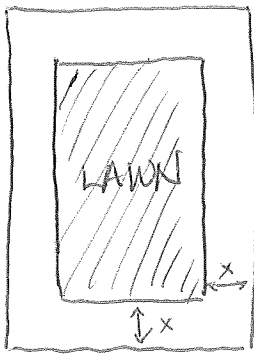
$$= 39.59$$

Max height = 39.59 meters

d) When will it hit the ground? Get 2nd x-int from part b.

4.15 sec.

14.



Measurements of total area: $(2x+4)$ and $(2x+8)$

$$(2x+4)(2x+8) = 165$$

$$4x^2 + 24x + 32 = 165$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x^2 + 24x + 32 = 165 \\ -165 \quad -165 \\ \hline 4x^2 + 24x - 133 = 0 \end{array}$$

$$x = \frac{-24 \pm \sqrt{24^2 - 4(4)(-133)}}{2(4)}$$

$$x = -9.5 \text{ and } 3.5 \text{ — only one that makes sense}$$

width of flower bed
3.5 m

15. For every \$1 increase in ticket price 20 fewer people attend. We know if the tickets cost \$11, 400 people will attend.

Let's make a table for revenue vs. ticket price

Price(\$)	# of people	Revenue
11	400	4400
12	380	4560
13	360	4680
14	340	4760
15	320	4800
16	300	4800
17	280	4760

maximum revenue between 15 & 16

\$15.50 tickets will get max revenue

We can write an equation: (if we want...)

2nd difference from the table is -40, so $a = -20$

$$\text{LGS} = \frac{-b}{2a} \Rightarrow 15.5 = \frac{-b}{2(-20)}$$

$$b = 620$$

Find c:

$$4400 = -20(11)^2 + 620(11) + c$$

$$4400 = -2420 + 6820 + c$$

$$4400 = 4400 + c$$

$$0 = c$$

$$\text{Revenue} = -20x^2 + 620x + c$$

$$\text{Equation: } y = -20x^2 + 620x = (-20x)(x - 31)$$

16. $h = -16t^2 + 20t - 4$

a) $\{4 \text{ feet}\}$

b) How long before the ball hits the ground? Find 2nd x-int.

$$0 = -16t^2 + 20t - 4$$

$$0 = -4(4t^2 - 5t + 1)$$

$$0 = -4(4t^2 - 4t - t + 1)$$

$$0 = -4(4t-1)(t-1)$$

$$0 = 4t-1$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = t$$

$$0 = t-1$$

$$1 = t$$

$\{1 \text{ second}\}$

17. $d = 0.05V^2 + 2.2V$

$$200 = 0.05V^2 + 2.2V$$

$$\frac{-200}{-200} \quad \frac{-200}{-200}$$

$$0 = 0.05V^2 + 2.2V - 200$$

$$V = \frac{-2.2 \pm \sqrt{(2.2)^2 - 4(0.05)(-200)}}{2(0.05)}$$

$$V = -88.96 \text{ and } 44.96$$

$\{44.96 \text{ miles/hr}\}$

18. $h = -16t^2 + 20t + 4$

To find how many chances, calculate the discriminant when $h = 13$

$$13 = -16t^2 + 20t + 4$$

$$\frac{-13}{-13} \quad \frac{-13}{-13}$$

$$0 = -16t^2 + 20t - 9$$

$$b^2 - 4ac = 20^2 - 4(-16)(-9) = 400 - 576 = -176$$

$\{0 \text{ chances}\}$

You can also find the vertex

$$-\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{-20}{2(-16)} = 0.625$$

$$h = -16(0.625)^2 + 20(0.625) + 4$$

$$h = 10.25 \text{ ft}$$

\uparrow 2.75 feet too low!