4

0

2 -

4

-6

C

A

Transformations and Congruence

We will be using \triangle ABC as our Preimage for all of the following problems.

1. Using the Pythagorean Theorem, calculate the lengths of each side of Δ ABC. Round your

answers to the nearest tenth.

Show work below.

AB = 3.2 U.
$$|^2 + 3^2 = C^2$$
 $| + 9 = C^2$
 $| D = C^2$
 $| \sqrt{10} = C$

BC =
$$4.5u$$
. $2^2 + 4^2 = C^2$

$$2^{2} + 4^{2} = C^{2}$$

 $4 + 16 = C^{2}$
 $20 = C^{2}$
 $\sqrt{20} = C$

$$AC = 5.1 u.$$
 $1^2 + 5^2 = C^2$

$$1 + 29 = C^{2}$$
 $1 + 29 = C^{2}$
 $1 + 29 = C^{2}$

2. Calculate the slope for each side of Δ ABC.

Slope AB =
$$\frac{3}{1} = 3$$

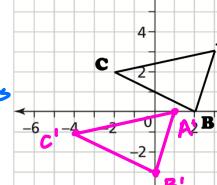
Slope BC =
$$-\frac{2}{4} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

For each of the following questions, graph the transformation and then answer the questions.

3. **Translate** \triangle ABC following the rule $(x, y) \rightarrow (x-2, y-3)$

Using the Pythagorean Theorem, calculate the length of side A'B'. Round your answer to the nearest tenth.

$$0^{2}+b^{2}=c^{2}$$
 $1^{2}+3^{2}=c^{2}$
 $10=c^{2}$



6

A

Calculate the slope for each side of Δ A'B'C'.

How do the length of A'B' and the slopes of the sides compare to those of Δ ABC'?

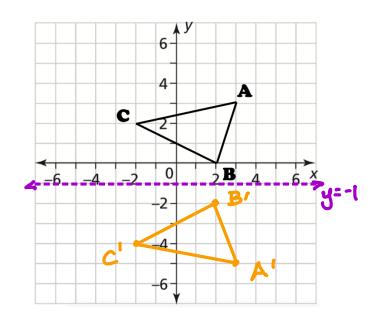
. The length of A'B' is the same as the length of AB.

• The slopes of the sides of DA'B'L' one equal to the slopes of the corresponding sides of DABC.

4. **Reflect** \triangle ABC across the line y = -1.

Using the Pythagorean Theorem, calculate the length of side A'B'. Round your answer to the nearest tenth.

$$a^{2}+b^{2}=C^{2}$$
 $1^{2}+3^{2}=C^{2}$
 $1+9=C^{2}$
 $10=C^{2}$
 $\sqrt{10}=C$



Calculate the slope for each side of Δ A'B'C'.

How do the length of A'B' and the slopes of the sides compare to those of Δ ABC'?

. The length of A'B' is the same as the length of AB.

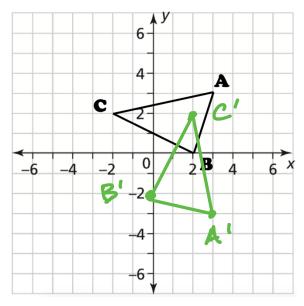
• The slopes of the sides of DA'B'L' are not equal to the slopes of the corresponding sides of DABC, BUT the absolute values of corresponding sides ARE equal.

5. **Rotate** \triangle ABC 90° clockwise around the point (0, 0).

Using the Pythagorean Theorem, calculate the length of side A'B'. Round your answer to the nearest tenth.

$$a^{2}+b^{2}=C^{2}$$
 $1^{2}+3^{2}=C^{2}$
 $1+9=C^{2}$
 $10=C^{2}$
 $10=C$

Calculate the slope for each side of Δ A'B'C'.



How do the length of A'B' and the slopes of the sides compare to those of Δ ABC'?

. The length of A'B' is the same as the length of AB.

. The slopes of the sides of DA'B'L' are not equal to the slopes of the corresponding sides of DABC. Thay are the negative reciprocal of slopes on DABC.

6. **Dilate** \triangle ABC by a factor of two from the origin (0, 0).

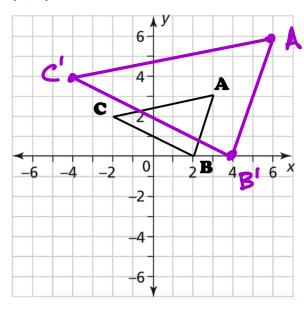
> Using the Pythagorean Theorem, calculate the length of side A'B'. Round your answer to the nearest tenth.

$$a^{2}+b^{2}=C^{2}$$
 $2^{2}+b^{2}=C^{2}$
 $4+3b=C^{2}$
 $40=C^{2}$
 $140=C$

Calculate the slope for each side of Δ A'B'C'.

Slope A'B'=
$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{5}$$

Slope B'C' = $-\frac{4}{5} = -\frac{1}{2}$



How do the length of A'B' and the slopes of the sides compare to those of \triangle ABC'?

• The length of A'B' is not the same as the length of AB. It is twice as long! (Rounding makes it look less.)

. The slopes of all corresponding sides are equal.

7. For which transformations ae the following statements true? Check the appropriate boxes.

	Translation	Reflection	Rotation	Dilation
Corresponding sides of the Preimage and Image are parallel .	×			×
Corresponding sides of the Preimage and Image are the same size .	×	X	×	
Corresponding angle measures of the Preimage and Image are the same size .	*	×	×	×
The image and preimage are congruent .	×	×	×	

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