166

## Additional Practice (continued)

### **Butterflies, Pinwheels, and Wallpaper**



#### For Exercises 10–12, refer to the grids below.

- **10. a.** On the left-hand above grid, draw the final image created by rotating polygon ABCD 90° counterclockwise about the origin and then reflecting the image in the *x*-axis.
  - **b.** On the right-hand above grid, draw the final image created by reflecting polygon *ABCD* in the *x*-axis and then rotating the image  $90^{\circ}$  counterclockwise about the origin.
  - c. Are the final images in parts (a) and (b) the same? Explain.

- **11.** What single transformation is equivalent to a counterclockwise rotation of 90° about the origin followed by a rotation of 270° counterclockwise about the origin?
- **12.** What single transformation is equivalent to a reflection in the *y*-axis, followed by a reflection in the *y*-axis, followed by a reflection in the *y*-axis?



- **13.** Use the figure at the right to answer parts (a)–(c).
  - **a.** Write the coordinates for point A, B, C, D, E.
  - **b.** If the figure (the "M") was reflected in the x-axis, write the coordinates of the images of *A*, *B*, *C*, *D*, and *E*.
- -3-2-10 -2 -3

. . . . . . . . . . . . .

- c. If the figure (the "M") was reflected in the y-axis, write the coordinates of the images of *A*, *B*, *C*, *D*, and *E*.
- **14.** Use the figure at the right to answer parts (a)-(c).
  - **a.** Write the coordinates for point A, B, C, D, E.
  - **b.** If the figure (the "M") was reflected in the *x*-axis, write the coordinates of the images of *A*, *B*, *C*, *D*, and *E*.
  - **c.** If the figure (the "M") was reflected in the y-axis, write the coordinates of the images of *A*, *B*, *C*, *D*, and *E*.



**Butterflies, Pinwheels, and Wallpaper** 

В D C 2 1 A Ε Х 0 -3 -Ž 3 -1 Ż 1 2 -3



#### Name

## Investigation 3

## Additional Practice (continued)

Name \_

Butterflies, Pinwheels, and Wallpaper

Investigation 3

**25.** Lines *l* and *m* are parallel. Find the measures of angles *a*–*g*.

**26.** Lines *l* and *m* are parallel. What is the value of *x*?

- **27.** Quadrilateral *ABCD* is a parallelogram with diagonals  $\overline{AC}$  and  $\overline{BD}$ . Can you be sure that triangles *ABD* and *CDB* are congruent? Explain your reasoning.
- $x^{\circ}+30^{\circ}$  m





Date \_\_\_\_\_ Class \_

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# Additional Practice: Digital Assessments

**28.** Lines *s* and *t* are parallel. Use the values in the bank to complete the angle measurements. Values may be used more than once.



**30.** A segment and its translation are shown.

Circle the numbers and symbols that make the statement true.

The rule for the translation (x, y + 4)

is 
$$(x, y) \rightarrow \begin{cases} (x, y+4) \\ (x, y-4) \\ (x+3, y-4) \\ (x-3, y+4) \end{cases}$$
.



Butterflies, Pinwheels, and Wallpaper

29. Use the ordered pairs on the tiles to complete the table.
(2, 1) (1, 2) (2, -1) (2, 0)
Point Transformation Coordinates of the Image

Investigation 5

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174

## Skill: Transforming Coordinates (continued)

Butterflies, Pinwheels, and Wallpaper

#### Write a rule to describe each translation.





Name \_\_\_\_\_







A point and its image after a translation are given. Write a rule to describe the translation.

**14.** A(9, -4), A'(2, -1)  $(x, y) \rightarrow$ 

**15.**  $B(-3,5), B'(-5,-3) (x,y) \rightarrow$ 

#### Write a rule to describe each statement.

**16.** In a 90° clockwise rotation about the origin, move point (x, y) to

**17.** In a 180° rotation about the origin, move point (x, y) to





## **Additional Practice**

For Exercises 1–4, use the figure at the right.

Round to the nearest tenth.

1. On the grid, draw the image of triangle ABC under a dilation with center (0, 0) and scale



- **b.** Predict the perimeter of triangle A'B'C' and justify your prediction. Then find the perimeter of triangle A'B'C' and compare it to your prediction.
- **3.** How are the areas of *ABC* and A'B'C' related to the scale factor?
- 4. a. Find the slopes of the sides of triangle ABC.
  - **b.** Predict the slopes of the sides of A'B'C' and justify your predictions. Then find the slopes of the sides of triangle A'B'C' and compare them to your predictions.

Investigation 4

**Butterflies, Pinwheels, and Wallpaper** 



Name	Date	Class
Additional Practice (continued)		Investigation 4
	Butterf	lies, Pinwheels, and Wallpaper
For Exercises 5–6, use the following information.		
In rectangle <i>RECT</i> , $RE = 8$ inches and $EC = 6$ in $R'E' = 12$ inches and $E'C' = 9$ inches.	ches. In rectangle R'	<i>E'C'T'</i> ,
<b>5. a.</b> What is the scale factor of the dilation of rec <i>R'E'C'T'</i> ?	tangle <i>RECT</i> to recta	ingle

**b.** What is the scale factor of the dilation of rectangle *R'E'C'T'* to rectangle *RECT*?

**6. a.** What do you think will be the relationship between the lengths of the diagonals  $\overline{RC}$  and  $\overline{R'C'}$ ? Explain your reasoning.

**b.** Check your answer to part (a) by finding the lengths of diagonals  $\overline{RC}$  and  $\overline{R'C'}$ . Would you change your answer to part (a)? Why or why not?

#### Date Class

# **Additional Practice** (continued)

Investigation 4

**Butterflies, Pinwheels, and Wallpaper** 

For Exercise 7, use the following information.

In rectangle *RECT*, RE = 8 inches and EC = 6 inches. In rectangle R'E'C'T', R'E' = 12 inches and E'C' = 9 inches.

7. a. Suppose you transform rectangle R'E'C'T' to rectangle R''E''C''T' using a 90° clockwise rotation. How will the perimeter of R''E''C''T'' be related to the perimeters of *RECT* and R'E'C'T'? Explain your reasoning.

**b.** How will the area of R''E''C''T'' be related to the areas of *RECT* and R'E'C'T'? Explain your reasoning.

**c.** How will the slopes of the sides of R''E''C''T' be related to the slopes of the sides of *RECT* and R'E'C'T'? Explain your reasoning.

## Additional Practice (continued)

## Butterflies, Pinwheels, and Wallpaper

**19.** Shadows are created when objects block the rays of sunlight. The angle at which light is blocked is related to the time of day and is congruent for all objects in the same area. In the diagram below, the sun hits a tree and fence post at congruent angles and creates shadows of 12 feet and 3 feet, respectively. If the fence post is 4 feet tall, how tall is the tree? The figures are not drawn to scale.







Date \_\_\_\_\_

Investigation 4



Date

Class

Name

## Skill: Scale Factors (continued)

Butterflies, Pinwheels, and Wallpaper

For Exercises 11–12, use the given scale factor. Find the missing measurements of the similar figures.





**13.** A rectangle with a length of 7 inches and width of 5 inches is dilated by a scale factor of 2.25. What is the perimeter of the new rectangle?

**14.** The sides of a triangle with an area of 100 square centimeters are dilated by a scale factor of 0.5. What is the area of the new triangle?

Investigation 4

Name \_\_\_\_